Heat scenarios in Geneva by 2035: which role for geothermal energy

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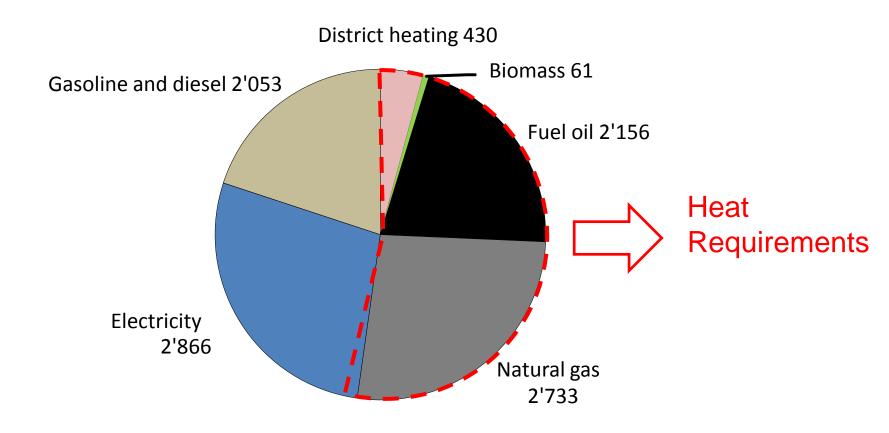
> JASM workshop 17.01.2019 Zurich





Geneva energy context

Final energy consumption in the Canton of Geneva in 2014 (GWh/yr)

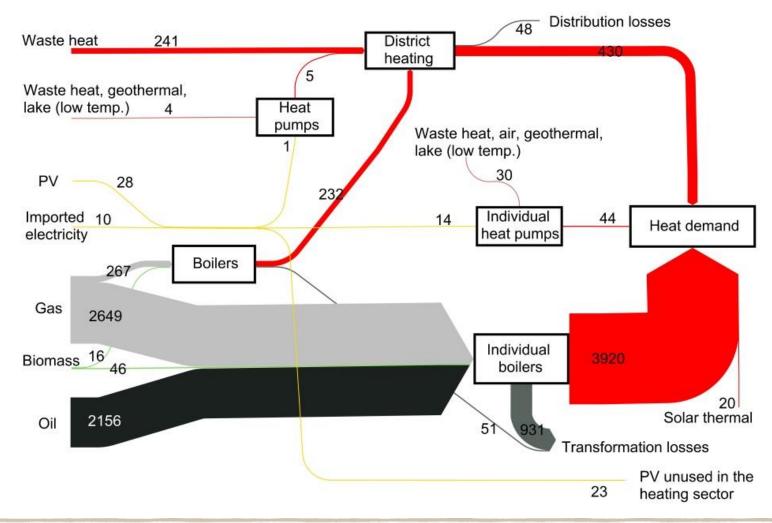




The heat sector in Geneva

2014 GWh/yr

Population:482'500

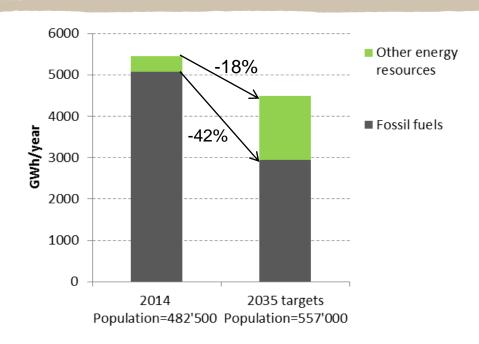




The heat sector in Geneva

- Cantonal targets for the heat sector by 2035:
 - 18% reduction in energy consumption compared to 2014
 - 42% reduction in fossil fuels consumption compared to 2014

- How could be designed a cantonal heating system that meet these energy targets?
- What could be the role of geothermal and district heating?



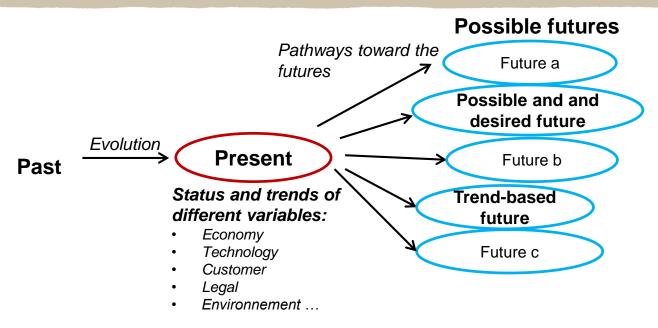


Realisation of a forwardlooking analysis regarding the future heat market

Forward-looking analysis







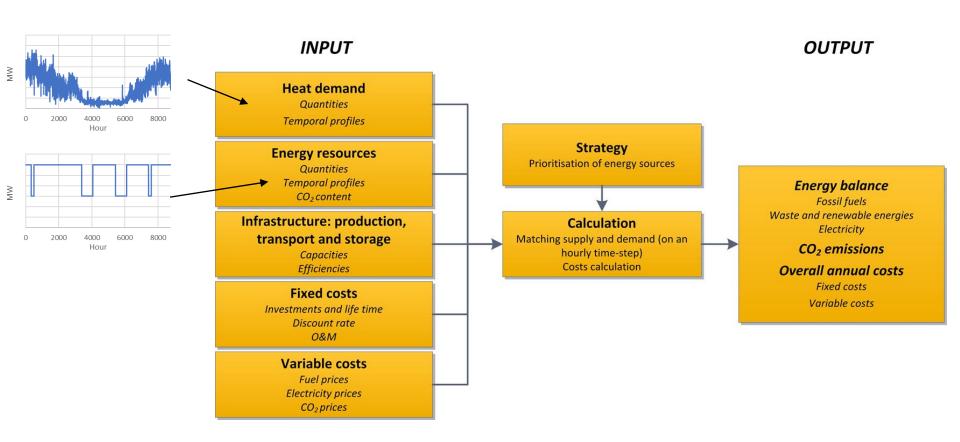
- 1. Building a **dynamic representation of the system** and identifying the main variables (with their current status and trends)
- 2. Building a **set of explorative scenarios** by combining hypothesis for each identified variables
- 3. Definition of a **possible and desired scenario**
- Quantification of the possible and desired scenario to provide indicators (picture for 2035)

Energy modeling





Model used: "EnergyPLAN" model developed by Aalborg University (Deterministic input-output model)

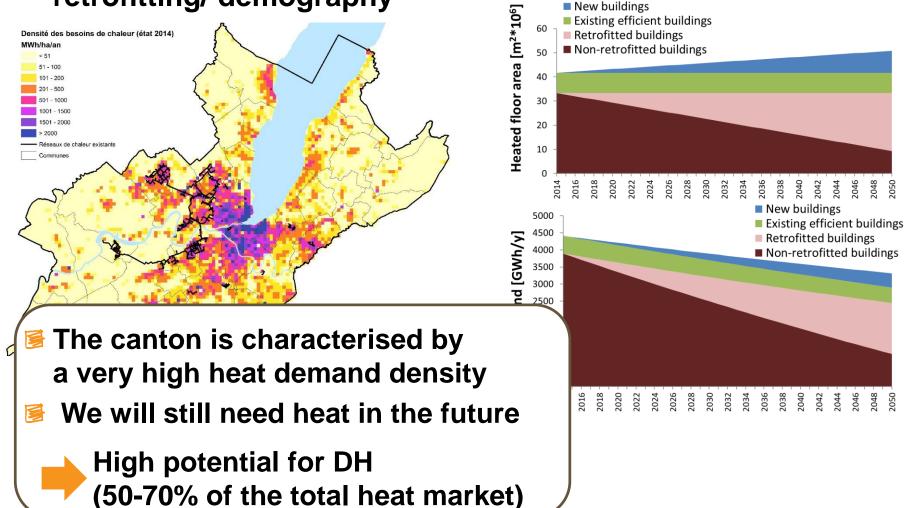


Projection of the heat demand





Main variables taken into account: climate / buildings retrofitting/ demography
New buildings



Buildings' technologies of supply implemented





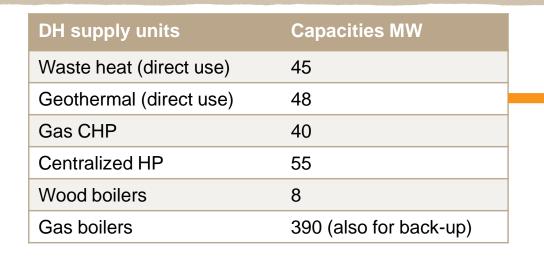
Buildings' technologies of supply implemented	2014 % of the heated floor area	2035 % of the heated floor area
District heating	10%	30%
Ind. HP	1%	20%
Ind. gas boilers	49%	38%
Ind. oil boilers	39%	10%
Ind. biomass boilers	1%	2%

+ solar thermal: 0.7m²/inhabitant

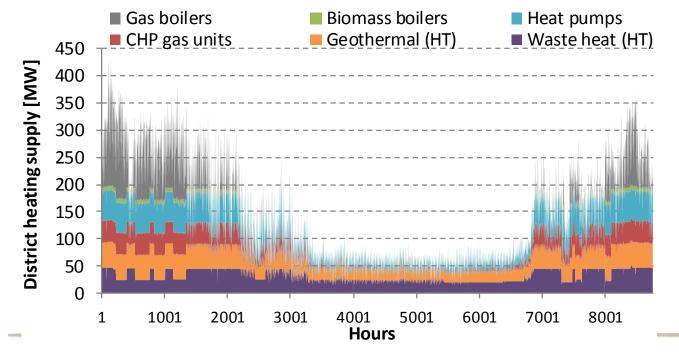


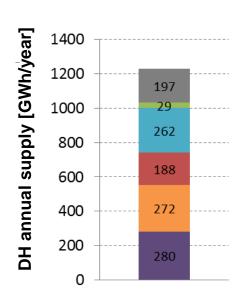


Geothermal and district heating



Equivalent to **8 doublets** at 2000m depth

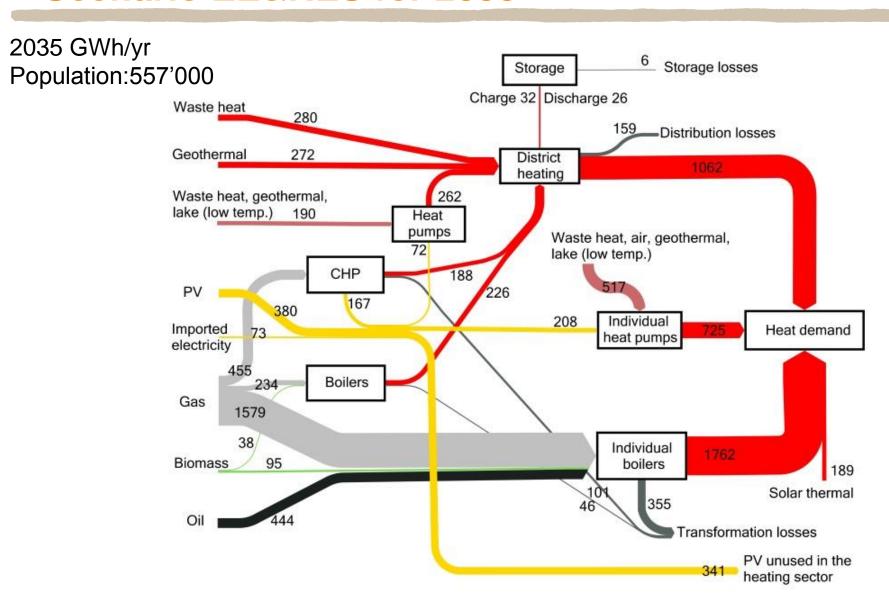








Scenario EE&RES for 2035



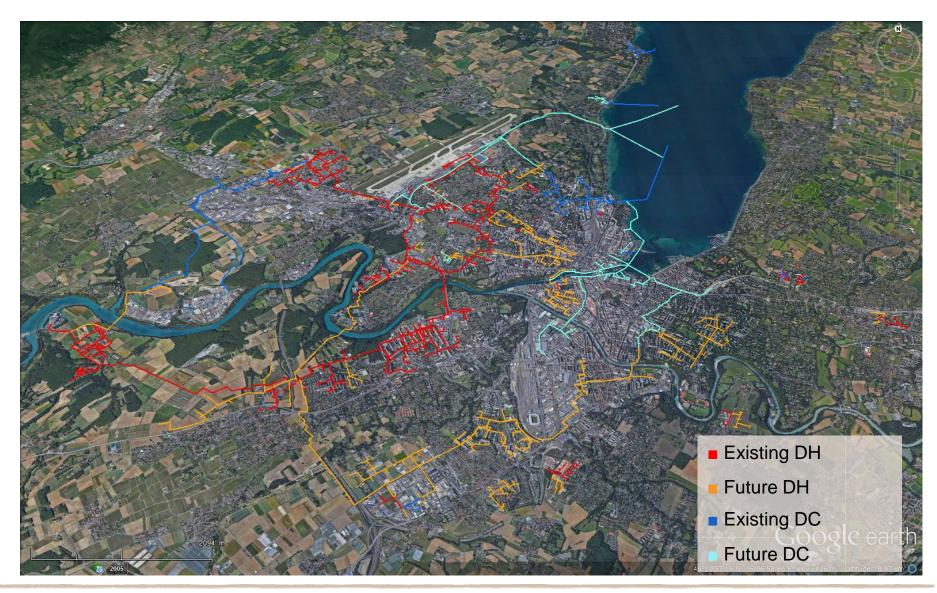


Conclusions from the study

- We have built and then quantified a scenario that meet the 2035 energy targets
- Fig. 18 The 3 main strategic challenges identified:
 - Retrofitting the existing buildings stock
 - Providing local renewable heat
 - -> with large expectations considering geothermal energy (potential still under investigation)
 - Developing the infrastructures that enable their use
 - -> an important development of DH networks is required
- We now need to support, to plan and to coordinate the deployment of these measures
 - A master energy plan is now under elaboration



Thermal networks planning



Investigation of the geothermal potential







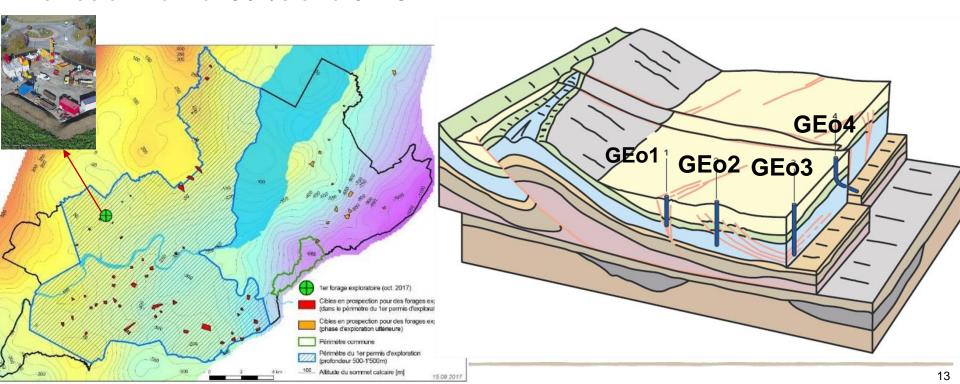
Many potential targets identified and partially mapped

A first exploration well (GE01) that confirms a good potential

- 744m (upper jurassic)
- artesian flow of 50 l/s and 34°C

Future operations (2019-2021)

- 3D seismic survey (220km2)
- 3 exploration wells to test different structural contexts (GEo2-3-4) between 1'000 and 1'500m





Thank you for your attention

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For more information

Paper available on: https://archive-ouverte.unige.ch/unige:86876

QUIQUEREZ, Loic *et al.* The role of district heating in achieving sustainable cities: comparative analysis of different heat scenarios for Geneva. In: *The 15th International Symposium on District Heating and Cooling. Seoul (South Korea)*, 2016.